

INCENDIARISM.

THE TORCH APPLIED TO RAILWAY PROPERTY IN EAST ST. LOUIS.

MORE TROOPS CALLED OUT BY GOV. OGLESBY—STRIKERS SUBDUED BY THE TROOPS.

EAST ST. LOUIS, Ill., April 10.—8:30 a. m.—The city has been in a state of panic during the entire night, owing to numerous incendiary fires, but with the presence of the military, which are guarding all the main lines of the track diverging from the relay depot, something like order appears to prevail for the day.

It is not possible at this hour to more than approximate the damage by the night's fires. They were all confined to railroad property, and the officers sent with troops report that about twenty to thirty cars in all were destroyed, which were loaded with merchandise and coal.

The greatest damage occurred at the Cairo Short Line yards, about one mile from the relay depot, where probably fifteen cars were destroyed, and the flames for a time threatened the destruction of 100 or 200 cars in the intermediate vicinity of the yards unprotected by the presence of active deputies, or officers of any kind, and until company D, of Champaign, arrived on the scene, the fire was permitted to burn at its will.

Two members of this company were found, who could fire and run a locomotive, and a switch engine being placed at their disposal, they succeeded in bringing away from the burning cars fully one hundred box and coal cars.

Three companies of troops from Greenville, Paris and Champaign are now stationed at the Louisville & Nashville and Cairo Short Line yards. The main body of troops, beyond a few sentinels stationed at the railroad switches, remain in the vicinity of the relay depot.

No serious opposition of any character has beset the troops, beyond a little wordy opposition, but nothing further.

The troops, after divesting themselves of their baggage, bags and blankets, left to take their allotted stations, which were first confined to the switches near the depot.

The troops arrested one man in the Cairo Short Line yards, who refused to quit their premises, early this morning. He was turned over to the local authorities.

Colonel Reilly M. Smith, who is in command of the forces on the ground—eight companies in all—has headquarters at the Martelle house, immediately opposite the relay depot, where Adjutant-General Vance is also staying.

Brigadier-General Reece, commanding second brigade, arrived here this morning, but will not assume command unless other troops are ordered here, which, at present, does not appear probable.

The troops on the ground number about 300 muskets.

STRIKERS APPARENTLY QUIET.

10:15 p. m.—No disturbances of any character have occurred since 5 a. m. At a few of the railroad crossings and at the street crossings there have been small gatherings of discontented men, but they are quietly dispersed by sentinels.

The sheriff has dismissed all of his deputies, with the exception of three or four men, depending entirely upon the troops.

Platform men and yardmen of the Burlington road have returned to work, and a freight train left this morning without molestation and two freight trains arrived over the same road.

A portion of the men who were employed on the Chicago and Alton, and on the Ohio and Mississippi roads have returned to work, and are handling without difficulty all freight offered.

Incoming passenger trains on all roads, without exception, arrived on close schedule time, and were sent over the bridge to St. Louis. The bridge transfer company also sent over to St. Louis a train of twenty coal cars. The bridge company has all of its twenty switch engines fully manned, and but for the absence of their yard switchmen would be able to handle both freight and passenger traffic without delay.

The superintendent of the bridge company stated this morning that, had Governor Oglesby sent a small body of troops here when first requested, none of the men would have been intimidated, and would have remained at their posts.

11 a. m.—No arrests have been made since the one mentioned early this morning, and the streets of the city, and particularly the railroad yards, have been shorn of all excitement which prevailed all of yesterday afternoon and last night.

THE GATLING GUN.

10 a. m.—A detachment of the Danville battery arrived this morning to take charge of the Gatling gun brought from Springfield.

Company G, fifth infantry, from Virden, arrived at 11 a. m., making nine companies of infantry and a detachment of cavalry constituting the force on the grounds.

12:30.—A few of the strikers approached near the relay depot, in squads, throughout the forenoon and watched the movement of troops. Some of those known to the railway officials as leaders of violent actions have been pointed out and placed under arrest. Seven or eight of these men are now under armed guard, near the relay depot.

Shortly after 12 o'clock, a striker named Alexander Sweeney was challenged by a sentry named Kent, a private in company A, fifth infantry. To the injunction, "Move on," he drew a revolver, and remarking, "You are too pretty to shoot," turned to walk away, but turning abruptly, fired at Kent. The latter simply clubbed his musket, knocked away the revolver and took the man in charge. He was placed among others arrested. The affair created no special excitement, although the shot was fired directly in line with the troops and civilians about the depot.

12:45 p. m.—A jury has been empaneled by Coroner Wood, of Belleville, to conduct an investigation into the killing, yesterday, of the seven people. The jury is made up of local residents. The jury viewed all of the bodies, and then adjourned until 2 o'clock this afternoon, when testimony will be commenced to be taken at the city hall.

It transpires that a young man named Andrew Jones, a Knight of Labor, was shot yesterday, and is not expected to live through the day. He will make the eighth person killed thus far.

IN THE AFTERNOON.

1:30 p. m.—The city remains quiet. A

walk through the business and residence streets gives an impression that the town is deserted and dead, except that now and then clusters of sullen men are to be seen at the street intersections watching at a distance the movement of troops.

The saloons are closed, and nearly every store is closed, with windows and doors barred.

Troops have now been distributed in platoons and companies at the principal yards and in the vicinity of the large elevators along the levee on the Mississippi river.

The total number of cars burned at the several yards was forty-two, representing a total loss of about \$32,000, exclusive of the merchandise. Of fourteen cars on the Illinois and St. Louis roads, all were loaded, and their contents utterly destroyed. A general manager of one of the roads, who witnessed the scenes last night, declared that all railway cars would positively have been wiped out before morning but for the interposition of the soldiers.

Hotels in the city and all proprietors of shops have been warned not to entertain or harbor any of the soldiers, which is the occasion, in part, for the closing of all the hotels with the exception of the Martelle house, which has been taken as headquarters for the officers commanding the troops.

This afternoon large crowds have assembled on Broadway, and thus far the troops have not in any way caused their dispersion. They have failed to make any demonstrations, and there is not deemed any likelihood of any serious collision, although such a happening is not deemed impossible by the local officials.

FORENOONING FOR THE NIGHT.

The chief dread is night. To protect fifteen miles of railroad cars from the torch will require, in the opinion of the commanding officers, who have been over the ground, a larger force of troops than now on the ground, as even now squads are widely separated and are in very small detachments.

The coal miners along the entire line of the Illinois & St. Louis road, four hundred in number, have gone out in carrying out the purposes of the Knights of Labor.

The chief firing on the part of the deputies yesterday appears to have been done by a character known as the "Cowboy Fireman," who came here from Texas and remained on his engine as fireman, while six engineers in succession deserted the machines, owing to the importunities or threats of the strikers.

Freight trains over the Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati & Indianapolis, Ohio & Mississippi, Chicago & Alton, and Vandalia roads arrived this afternoon, and three coal trains crossed the bridge into East St. Louis.

The Cairo Short Line road, which proved a great sufferer by the fires last night, has not been enabled to resume operations in its yards thus far to-day.

A LOVELY COMPLEXION.

"What a lovely complexion," you often hear persons say. "I wonder what she does for it?" In every case the purity and real loveliness of the complexion depends upon the blood. Those who have sallow, blotchy faces may make their skin smooth and healthy by taking enough of Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" to drive out the humors lurking in the system.

IN FULL BLAST.

New York, April 10.—The following dispatch was received at the office of the Missouri Pacific railway this morning:

Total movement of trains yesterday, consisting of 454 carsloads, an increase of 22 trains and 416 carsloads as compared with the same day last year. Everything quiet so far as reported this morning.

[Signed] H. M. HOKK.

PULITZER RESIGNS.

New York, April 10.—Hon. Joseph Pulitzer, editor of the New York World, to-day forwarded to the secretary of state his resignation as a representative in congress from the Ninth district of New York, stating that it was impossible for him to perform the duties pertaining to the position without neglecting his newspaper.

A HORRIBLE STORY.

ELINT, Mich., April 10.—Little Lulu Wilson died last Sunday, and her father was suspected of murdering her. The child's mother maltreated her horribly and the father poured crocodile down the child's throat, stating he wanted to save it from further ill treatment.

ANOTHER FEEBLE STRIKE.

ATCHISON, Kas., April 10.—Major H. Cooper, member of the Irons committee, commanded a new strike to-day, and eighteen of sixty-one Knights of Labor employed in the Missouri Pacific shops failed to represent for duty at 1 o'clock. Cooper promises that no violence or intimidation will be resorted to. The company says there are plenty of men obtainable to fill the places made vacant.

TALK WITH POWDERLY.

SCRANTON, Pa., April 10.—Grand Master Workman Powderly this morning stated that the rumor that he was preparing a statement to the public, or Knights of Labor, regarding the southwestern troubles, was without foundation. "The general executive board," he said, "has done everything possible for the settlement of the difficulty, and the responsibility for what follows rests entirely upon others, and matters will have to take their own course, unless arbitration is consented to. If this is done then there will be no difficulty in bringing the strike to a speedy close. This is the only point where trouble exists, and I think the country will never again see so formidable a strike, as both employers and employees have learned that the easiest way for settling disputes is by arbitration: corner stone of the Knights of Labor."

While Mr. Powderly has improved in health, he is by no means a well man.

FRANCE.

RIOT AT LYONS.

LYONS, April 10.—A fatal riot occurred in this city to-day at Girard's silk mills. A sub-prefect and a number of gen d'armes attempted to close up the chapel connected with the mills, and were resisted by the operatives and local residents. An open fight ensued. The populace, the greater portion of whom were women, used stones and sticks, and the soldiers used their fire arms. One woman was shot dead, and a number were wounded. The sub-prefect and three of his gen d'armes were wounded.

M. CLEMENCEAU'S OPINION.

PARIS, April 10.—M. Clemenceau, in an interview to-day, stated he thought Gladstone was the most astonishing man in history. It matters not what sort his scheme may be he has sown seed that is sure to germinate and thrive.

TEXAS NEWS.

DELIBERATE MURDER AT DENISON—TOM MORGAN SLAIN IN A SALOON.

MR. GOODNIGHT SUED—STARVING STRIKERS—OUTRAGE IN LAMAR COUNTY.

Special Telegram to the Statesman.

DENISON, April 10.—At a quarter to 8 o'clock to-night a pistol shot was heard, coming from the direction of Tom Morgan's saloon, on Main street, and a few minutes later a crowd of 300 to 400 persons collected, who crowded up the entrance to the place. It was learned that Tom Morgan was lying dead in the inside and Geo. McChesney, Grace's partner in the saloon, has murdered him.

The facts of the case, as learned by your reporter, are as follows: Morgan had been in the saloon but three minutes and he and McChesney had some words about a bill which Morgan owed to the saloon. The account was due to Grace before McChesney went into the business with him and he was not interested.

After some warm words McChesney said to Morgan: "You've got a gun, haven't you?"

"No," replied Morgan, opening up and throwing back his coat and showing he had no revolver. "I have not."

More words ensued, when McChesney went to the rear of his bar, put on his hat and coat, and a moment later deliberately pulled his revolver and shot at Morgan.

Morgan fell against the screen doors, near which he was standing. He fell in the arms of Ed Moore and Henry Hall, two of his friends, who heard the shot and rushed into the saloon just in time to catch the murdered man as he fell. Morgan could not have been alive two minutes after he was shot, as the ball went completely through his body. The bullet was found imbedded in the wood work at the side of the screen doors.

Morgan was about 25 years old, and has been employed as brakeman on the Missouri Pacific for the past two years. He was unmarried and his people live in Kentucky.

A COOL VILLAIN.

A DEPUTY SHERIFF OUTRAGES AN ELDERLY WOMAN.

Special Telegram to the Statesman.

PARIS, TEX., April 10.—Yesterday morning, about 3 o'clock, Deputy Sheriff Booth and Grant came into the city with J. H. Turner, a deputy sheriff, from Miller's neighborhood, charged with outraging the person of Mrs. Anderson, a widow lady, who lives in the same neighborhood. The following is the story: Turner was acting as deputy sheriff, and a few days ago he went to the home of Mrs. Anderson and told her he had a warrant for her arrest. If he did not state what it was for, but told her he would submit to him he would not take her, but if she did not he would take her to jail. This frightened the woman, but she said she would go to jail first. Seeing he could not scare her into it that way he told her she had to submit to him or he would kill her, at the same time drawing his pistol and flourishing it at her. This so overcame the woman that she did not have strength to resist any longer, and when Turner had gratified his desires he left. Turner now plays behind the bars. He is about 35 or 36 years old, and has a wife and two babies. Mrs. Anderson is about 45 or 50 years of age.

COUNTING THE VOTES.

Special Telegram to the Statesman.

HOCKESS, April 10.—The canvass of returns in the recent municipal election was done to-day by the city council, showing Smith elected by four votes. A large crowd assembled in the council chamber to witness the canvass. The accidental discharge of a gun in the building during the count created great excitement in the house and on the street. Rumors of the wildest kind were afloat, and men running in all directions.

Lieutenant Savage, of the United States army, passed through to night with eighteen Indians, captured in Arizona, bound for San Augustine, Fla. Three chiefs were in the party.

AN INJUNCTION AGAINST GOOD-NIGHT.

Special Telegram to the Statesman.

FORT ELLIOTT, TEXAS, April 10.—Chas. Goodnight, one of the largest cattle men in the Panhandle, was served with a writ of injunction this evening, by Agent W. T. Gass, restraining him from fencing, line-riding and enclosing about 700,000 acres of Panhandle school land. The writ is returnable before Judge Walker, at Austin, April 24th. The suit was instituted by Attorney-General Templeton, who will institute similar proceedings against all other cattle men in the country who have not leased the school lands but illegally occupy them.

THE POOR LITTLE ONES.

We often see children with red eruptions on face and hands, rough, scaly skin, and often sores on the head. These things indicate a depraved condition of the blood. In the growing period, children have need of pure blood, by which to build up strong and healthy bodies. If Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" is given, the blood is purged of its bad elements, and the child's development will be healthy, and as it should be. Scrofulous affections, rickets, fever-sores, hip-joint disease or other grave maladies and suffering are sure to result from neglect and lack of proper attention to such cases.

SOUTHEAST TEXAS.

Special Telegram to the Statesman.

BEAUMONT, April 10.—The people rejoice at the selection of this place for location of summer normal schools, for awhile now located at Orange. The firemen's hall, a large and commodious two-story frame building, will be refitted into a school room, and used as a normal school.

The citizens of Beaumont see the necessity of a larger building for the public schools by the growing attendance, and are having plans and specifications made out for the erection of a fine school building, which will be ready for occupancy by the next session of school.

GALVESTON ITEMS.

Special Telegram to the Statesman.

GALVESTON, April 10.—Andrew Schellhorn, carpenter, 58 years old, suicided this evening at his residence, avenue 3 and Nineteenth street, by cutting his throat from ear to ear with a butcher knife. Deceased had been drunk the past

three weeks, and had the horrors for the past two days. He has no family, save a son of 15 years, whom he had driven away from home by his cruelty. Schellhorn was a member of the carpenters' union and mechanics' association, and will be buried by them to-morrow.

In a difficulty in Grainger's saloon, on West Market, to-night, between two hard characters named Sears and Riley, the former cut the latter badly in the shoulder.

BEXAR COUNTY.

Special Telegram to the Statesman.

SAN ANTONIO, April 10.—The Bexar county grand jury made their final report this morning, bringing four indictments against George Waugh, the Canadian, ex-president of the somewhat notorious Universal Building and Loan association, all for swindling operations while the president of that institution. Notwithstanding his numerous schemes to become a bloated millionaire, Waugh is still in jail and cannot secure a friend to go on his bond.

George Witt, the retired millionaire barber, was also indicted again for theft of a deed from the county clerk, for the purpose of destroying the evidence of a forgery. At the last term of the court, he was convicted and sent up for three years, but secured a renewal on the ground that the indictment was defective, in that it did not allege that the theft was committed to cover up a forgery, though the proof was substantial to that effect. Witt is out on bail.

RETURNED FROM LAREDO.

Special Telegram to the Statesman.

SAN ANTONIO, April 10.—The San Antonio Rifles and Belknap Rifles, under command of General A. S. Roberts, reached San Antonio from Laredo at 7 p. m., and report that all is quiet and peaceful on the border, with a company of state rangers under Captain Schmidt to keep it so. No arrests have been made thus far, and the Bexar sheriff swears he will not submit to arrest by the Guaranchees marshal, and vice versa. It is an open secret, however, that General Roberts is having a list of the rioters made out, and when it is completed the rangers will make the arrests.

STRIKERS STARVING.

Special Telegram to the Statesman.

PALESTINE, April 10.—The latest development in the strike is indicative that some of those out of employment are in distressed circumstances. Farmers from different sections of the country report that committees of strikers have been among them soliciting aid, taking money or provisions. Several of the younger men belonging to the striking element, whom the company refused to take back, have left the town, and it is believed there will soon be an exodus of many others.

A LIGHT SENTENCE.

Special Telegram to the Statesman.

MOUNT PLEASANT, April 10.—The verdict in the Dick Atkinson murder case, was murder in the first degree. Judge McLean sentenced Atkinson to twenty years in the penitentiary.

Mild, soothing and healing is Dr. Sage's Catarrh remedy.

FIGHT AT LAREDO.

Special Telegram to the Statesman.

Following is briefly the history of what has been one of the most fearful riots known to the people of Laredo:

The city campaign was hotly contested, the interest centering chiefly in the contest for city marshal. The two parties in the contest were "Las Botas," comprising republicans and the Guaranchees, chiefly republicans. The Las Botas candidate for marshal was Higinia Garcia, an old Mexican citizen, who formerly held the office. His opponent on the Guaranche side was Stephen Boyd, a Louisianian, who had also formerly held the office, but who had been removed from it for alleged malfeasance in office. He and his opponent, Garcia, are both plucky and determined men, and with a following of adherents and partisans with equal nerve and determination with themselves.

The election was close and distinguished alike for great rancor of feeling and the vast quantities of whisky consumed on both sides—by Las Botas and the Guaranchees as well. Each side charged the other with fraud.

On the day after the election the Las Botas put up placards all over town announcing that at 3 p. m. the funeral procession of the Guaranchees would appear on the streets. All the Botas and their friends were invited to attend. Of course this enraged the Guaranchees. The latter, in fact, got very mad, and angry passions rose in proportion to the bad whisky they consumed. The Guaranchees held a meeting and sent word to the Botas that no funeral procession would be permitted, and if they (the Botas) persisted in the joke they would probably have occasion for some real coffins and visiting the grave yard in real earnest.

But the procession did appear at the hour appointed. True to their word the Guaranchees were duly on hand, and soon the crack of six-shooters and Winchester resounded through the streets, and immediately the whole town was thrown into a frenzy of excitement. Hundreds rushed to the scene. Everybody seemed drunk or crazy. The stores were closed, and every house, for the time being, converted into forts and miniature arsenals. It was like a small battle. Bullets whistled from all directions, from windows and from behind street corners. Men shouted, women screamed, and a regular pandemonium reigned. When the battle was over, six men lay dead on the street, and a number were wounded.

The fight was terminated by a detachment of United States regulars, who came at a double-quick from Fort Mackintosh, near by. Many participants were arrested; others fled to their homes, or across the river into Mexico.

RATES EXTENDED.

Special Telegram to the Statesman.

LAREDO, April 8.—The city has been quiet to-day and all trouble is probably over. It is rumored that an armed body of men belonging to the losing party in the recent election, are outside the town prepared to make another attack, but this statement is hardly probable. On presentation of a request by a number of citizens, Col. Bernard, commanding at Fort McIntosh, has sent down a guard to-night to watch the postoffice, custom house and Milmo National bank, and martial law to that extent is now in force.

To-day two of the wounded in yesterday's affray died, making the casualties eight in all. The wounded amount to twelve in all, including two women. State troops are expected soon.

Though all is quiet here to-day, the sense of insecurity that prevails will take some time to allay. The belligerents were dispersed by the military, who then patrolled the town all night. There are

six dead, as stated in a previous telegram, and the following are seriously wounded: Herman Pagenpohl, Plutarco Ortiz, Pancho Garcia, Cayetano de la Garza and Francisco Gonzales. A dozen or more were slightly hurt.

TROOPS ORDERED OUT.

SAN ANTONIO, April 8.—A good deal of excitement was occasioned here this morning over the election riot at Laredo, and the bloody fight that ensued. At 1 o'clock Captain Howard, of the Belknap Rifles, received a telegram from Governor Ireland, directing him to call together twenty-five men of the company, and take the first train for Laredo, and to report there to the mayor and the officer in command of the United States troops. Immediately upon receipt of the order, Captain Howard instructed First Sergeant Rolle to notify the men to be at the armory as soon as they could get there, and arrangements were at once made to go to the scene of the riot. The boys all responded readily and being impatient to start immediately, the captain at 2 o'clock telegraphed the governor if he should charter a special train, and received an answer, "Master all the available men and be ready to go with General Roberts at 2 a. m., when a special train will arrive from Austin." Later in the afternoon a telegram was also received ordering the San Antonio Rifles, and they are all now ready to leave for the scene of the conflict as soon as General Roberts reaches here. The companies are composed of young men, nicknamed "the kids," and "the dades," but they seem willing and even anxious to go.

GRAND JURY AT WORK.

Special Telegram to the Statesman.

FORT WORTH, April 10.—N. M. Lovin, district master workman of assembly No. 78, Knights of Labor, arrested on the charge of murder, was re-arrested to-day on a charge of inciting riot. When Powderly ordered the strike off, Martin Irons telegraphed to the strikers here to "hold the fort." When affairs here grew more serious, Irons telegraphed: "Hold the fort at all hazards." The grand jury are investigating with a view of indicting Irons.

INVESTIGATING.

Special Telegram to the Statesman.

MARSHALL, April 10.—The investigation of the origin of the strike, conducted by United States Commissioner Henry has been going on all day and will convene again Monday morning, at which time Martin Irons is expected to be here, and will doubtless go before Mr. Henry and give his version of the troubles.

CHARGED WITH OUTRAGE.

Special Telegram to the Statesman.

JEFFERSON, April 10.—Sallie Owens, an orphan girl ten years of age, made complaint to-day charging F. Deilman and his son Gus with ravishing her. Mr. Deilman took the girl to raise her. She has been with him two years. They were arrested, and the examining trial is set for Monday morning.

BURNED TO DEATH.

Special Telegram to the Statesman.

SEVERAL PERSONS GO DOWN IN A CONFLAGRATION.

LAWRENCE, Mass., April 10.—The Pemberton mill, in this city, caught fire about 11 o'clock this morning. A number of firemen stationed themselves on the roof of a portion of the mill adjoining that which was burning. Their weight was too great for the strength of the roof, which gave way. The fireman went down with it.

The fire broke out in the picker room, at 11:45, and a general alarm was run in, summoning the whole department. All operatives were sent out. The structure in which the fire started is situated on the river bank, in the rear of the main building. It was three stories high and 400 feet long. The main mill is seven stories high. The looms and machinery were all in the south end of the mill, next the river, and were much damaged during the early part of the fire.

Ten persons were buried when the walls fell in, including four firemen. In addition to these, W. J. Hammon, Jeremiah Sullivan, J. H. Kimball, engineer, and Samuel Atkinson, were badly injured by falling walls.

At 1:30 the fire began to subside to the effects of the firemen, and it is probable that the main mill will be saved. Search is now being made for the men who were buried in the ruins. Should the fire spread to the next building it will be impossible to prevent the loss of millions of dollars, as a long row of wooden buildings is contiguous.

IRELAND.

DUBLIN, April 10.—Freeman's Journal, reviewing the speech made by Chamberlain, last night, said he blasted his political career at the very threshold, and pronounced his apology for deserting Gladstone's cabinet, the most damaging political act of his life.

The Dublin Express says that the reason why Chamberlain resigned was that Gladstone was unwilling to advance in the direction of revolution as far as Chamberlain wished him to.

JOKE ON POWDERLY.

Special Telegram to the Statesman.

SCRANTON, Pa., April 10.—Powderly yesterday sent the following dispatch: "To Hon. A. G. Curtin, Washington, D. C.—"Urge the immediate passage of your resolution to appoint a committee to investigate the labor troubles in the southwest. The public has a right to know who is to blame in this matter."

After sending the above, Powderly received a dispatch from St. Louis announcing the killing of six strikers by deputies.

RATES EXTENDED.

Special Telegram to the Statesman.

NEW YORK, April 10.—The trans-continental lines again extended ruling low rates to California points. They announce that the rate is extended till Tuesday, but practically they are extending rates to Saturday next.

BUSINESS COLLEGE.

Special Telegram to the Statesman.

ONLY \$30.00 For Complete Course in Short-Hand.